## Appendix 2 Analysis of the responses to the Council tax and council spending consultation

## Question 1: Please tell us to what extent you agree or disagree with our priorities

This question was completed by 1900 respondents

| Response | Number of <br> Respondents | Percentage of <br> Respondents |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Strongly agree | 454 | $23.89 \%$ |
| Agree | 1046 | $55.05 \%$ |
| Disagree | 175 | $9.21 \%$ |
| Strongly disagree | 72 | $3.79 \%$ |
| Don't know | 153 | $8.05 \%$ |

There was no noticeable variation in responses by gender
Older people were more likely to agree strongly

| Age | All <br> ages | $25-34$ | $35-44$ | $45-54$ | $55-64$ | $65-74$ | 75 or <br> over |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Strongly <br> agree | $26 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| Agree | $55 \%$ | $63 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $43 \%$ |

Disabled respondents were slightly less likely to agree with $18 \%$ disagreeing compared to $12 \%$ of non-disabled respondents.

Question 2: Please tell us if you think there are any other priorities we should consider
Coding analysis to follow

Question 3: We provide a wide range of services that cost us money to provide. From the list below please tell us which areas you think we should protect MOST of all.

This was completed by 1782 respondents with up to three choices each.
Response
Number of Percentage of Respondents Respondents

Care services for older or disabled people including homecare and residential care

Rubbish collections, street sweeping, litter and fly-tip removal

Protecting vulnerable children and young people including support for children with disabilities

| Parks and open spaces | 387 | $21.72 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Libraries | 222 | $12.46 \%$ |
| Leisure centres, playgrounds and <br> sports facilities | 237 | $13.3 \%$ |
| Activities for young people | 247 | $13.86 \%$ |
| Repairs and improvements to roads <br> and pavements | 372 | $20.88 \%$ |
|  |  |  |

Female respondents were more likely to select care services (84\% compared to $79 \%$ ) and protecting vulnerable children ( $68 \%$ to $62 \%$ ); male respondents were more likely to select rubbish and litter (54\% to 49\%).

Respondents aged over 55 were more likely to select care services for older or disabled people.

| Age | All <br> ages | $25-34$ | $35-44$ | $45-54$ | $55-64$ | $65-74$ | 75 or <br> over |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\%$ Care <br> services |  | $71 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $89 \%$ |

Disabled respondents were less likely to select protecting vulnerable young people, and more likely to select repairs to roads and pavements.

## Question 4: Which services do you think we should protect LEAST of all?

This question was answered by 1393 respondents with up to three choices

| Response | Number of <br> Respondents | Percentage <br> of <br> Respondents |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Care services for older or disabled <br> people including homecare and <br> residential care | 90 | $6.46 \%$ |
| Rubbish collections, street sweeping, <br> litter and fly-tip removal | 154 | $11.06 \%$ |
| Protecting vulnerable children and <br> young people including support for | 104 | $7.47 \%$ |

children with disabilities

| Parks and open spaces | 347 | $24.91 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Libraries | 468 | $33.6 \%$ |
| Leisure centres, playgrounds and <br> sports facilities | 549 | $39.41 \%$ |
| Activities for young people | 678 | $48.67 \%$ |
| Repairs and improvements to roads <br> and pavements | 538 | $38.62 \%$ |

There was no significant variation in responses by gender.
Older people (65+) were more likely to select parks and leisure services, and less likely to select repairs of roads and pavements. Disabled respondents were similarly more likely to select parks, libraries, and leisure services and less likely to select repairs to roads and pavements.

## Question 5: Do you have any suggestions for how we can reduce spending and/or increase income across our services? <br> Coding analysis to follow

## Question 6: What do you think would be the best choice for Merton's overall council tax in 2017/18 and 2018/19?

This question was answered by 1870 respondents.

| Response | Number of <br> Respondents | Percentage <br> of <br> Respondents |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Continue to freeze my council tax so I <br> pay Merton the same as last year <br> Increase my council tax by $1.99 \%$ | 411 | $21.98 \%$ |
| Increase my council tax by $2 \%$ to <br> spend on adult social care only <br> Increase my council tax by $3.99 \%$ | 320 | $12.46 \%$ |

There were 27 paper responses where more than one option was selected and could therefore not be considered alongside the other results. Of these 14 selected all three options to increase council tax, 10 selected two of the options to increase council tax and three selected the option to freeze Council as well as one of the options to increase it.

Male respondents were more likely to select a freeze in council tax ( $26 \%$ compared to $18 \%$ ) whilst female respondents were more likely to select an increase of $1.99 \%$ or $3.99 \%$ ( $15 \%$ to $10 \%$ and $50 \%$ to $47 \%$ respectively).

Younger respondents were more likely to select a freeze in council take whilst older respondents were more likely to select the option of a $2 \%$ increase. The full breakdown by age group is set out below.

| Age | All ages <br> (base <br> $1676)$ | $25-34$ | $35-44$ | $45-54$ | $55-64$ | $65-74$ | 75 or <br> over |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Freeze | $22 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| $1.99 \%$ <br> increase | $13 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $2 \%$ <br> increase | $17 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| $3.99 \%$ <br> increase | $49 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $38 \%$ |

Disabled respondents were more likely to select either a freeze or a $2 \%$ increase than non-disabled respondents as set out below.

|  | Total <br> (base 1687) | Disabled <br> (base 173) | Non-disabled <br> (base 1514) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Freeze | $22 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| $1.99 \%$ increase | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| $2 \%$ increase | $17 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $3.99 \%$ increase | $48 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $50 \%$ |

Respondents who completed a paper questionnaire were more likely to select a council tax freeze compared to online respondents ( $30 \%$ to $17 \%$ ) and less likely to select a $3.99 \%$ increase ( $42 \%$ to $52 \%$ ).

There was some variation in responses by post code with CR4 and SM4 more likely to prefer a continuing freeze than in other areas; and SW19 and SW20 more likely to prefer a $3.99 \%$ increase than in other areas. The detail is set out below.

| Post code | Freeze |  |  | 1.99 | 2 | 3.99 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Count | $\%$ | Count | $\%$ | Count | $\%$ | Count | $\%$ |
| CR4 | 49 | $28 \%$ | 29 | $17 \%$ | 42 | $24 \%$ | 55 | $31 \%$ |
| KT3 | 13 | $22 \%$ | 12 | $21 \%$ | 8 | $14 \%$ | 24 | $42 \%$ |
| SM4 | 96 | $34 \%$ | 40 | $14 \%$ | 49 | $17 \%$ | 93 | $33 \%$ |
| SW19 | 177 | $19 \%$ | 92 | $10 \%$ | 143 | $16 \%$ | 475 | $54 \%$ |
| SW20 | 56 | $13 \%$ | 49 | $12 \%$ | 70 | $17 \%$ | 244 | $58 \%$ |
| All | 411 | $22 \%$ | 233 | $12 \%$ | 320 | $17 \%$ | 906 | $48 \%$ |

The variations by area are further evidenced when postcodes are allocated to council wards. This shows a variation in those wanting council tax to remain frozen from a high of $43 \%$ in Ravensbury to a low of $13 \%$ in Raynes Park. Four wards saw this option preferred by more than one third of respondents: Ravensbury, St Helier, Pollards Hill and Lavender Fields.

The $3.99 \%$ option was selected by $60 \%$ or more of respondents in Abbey, Hillside, and Raynes Park wards.

| Ward | Total <br> responses | Freeze |  | Count | $\%$ | Count | $\%$ | Count | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Question 7: Please tell us if you have any comments about what should happen with council tax in Merton
Coding analysis to follow

## Demographics

## Age and gender

The gender and age profile of the sample has been compared to the GLA 2015 Round SHLAA-based Capped Household Size Model Population Projections for 2016 (released July 2016). This shows that respondents were more likely to be female and over 45 than the wider population.

| Gender | \% Respondents | \% GLA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | 46.2 | 49.6 |
| Female | 53.8 | 50.4 |


| Age group | \% Respondents | \% GLA (adults only) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $16-24$ | 1 | 11 |
| $25-34$ | 9 | 24 |
| $35-44$ | 17 | 21 |
| $45-54$ | 21 | 17 |
| $55-64$ | 23 | 12 |
| $65-74$ | 21 | 8 |
| 75 or over | 9 | 7 |

## Disability

The 2011 census estimated disabled residents to make up $12.6 \%$ of the population. This compares to $10.2 \%$ of those respondents who answered the question stating that they felt they had a disability. Disabled respondents were more likely to be over 75 than non-disabled respondents ( $26 \%$ compared to $7 \%$ ) but less likely to be in all other age groups.

## Geography

The postcode areas provided by respondents have been compared to the proportion of total postcodes in the borough to give an indication of representation across the borough. This appears to show a skew towards SW19, and mainly away from CR4.

| Postcode | Responses by <br> postcode | \% of total <br> responses | \% of total borough <br> postcodes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CR4 | 211 | $9.6 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ |
| CR7 | 1 | - | $0.3 \%$ |
| KT3 | 66 | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| SM3 | 1 | - | - |
| SM4 | 320 | $14.5 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ |
| SW16 | 25 | $1.1 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |
| SW17 | 15 | $0.7 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| SW18 | 7 | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ |
| SW19 | 1039 | $47.2 \%$ | $38.6 \%$ |
| SW20 | 503 | $22.8 \%$ | $14.6 \%$ |
| Outside of borough | 14 | $0.6 \%$ | NA |
| Unknown | 2 | - | NA |

This can also be seen on the maps below.


Responses whole borough


Responses southern borough


Responses northern borough
When responses are allocated to electoral wards this confirms lower response rates from area in the east of the borough, in particular Pollards Hill, Lavender Fields and Longthornton. In comparison responses were much higher from Merton Park ward.

